

State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

In: 9/8/09

LRB-0172/**Je** TJD&PJR:nwn&kjf:rs

Health

Insurance

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

RMWR

teciprocity for long-term
Care insurance palicies, voting
by fraternal members,

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AN ACT to repeat 14.83, 601.415 (11), 601.59 and 646.03 (2n); to renumber 646.31 (1) (b); to renumber and amend 615.10 (5); to amend 149.13 (1), 615.03 (5), 646.13 (2) (d), 646.13 (4), 646.31 (4) (a), 646.31 (12), 646.32 (1), 646.32 (2), 646.325 (1), 646.325 (2) (a) 1., 646.51 (5) and 646.51 (6); and to create 615.10 (5) (intro.), 615.10 (5) (b), 615.10 (5) (c), 615.10 (5) (d), 646.01 (1) (b) 19., 646.31 (1) (b) 2. and 646.325 (4) of the statutes; relating to: the Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact, changing investment guidelines

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Risk-Sharing Plan assessment participation, and the insurance security fund.

This bill makes the following changes to the insurance laws:

charitable gift annuity segregated accounts,

- 1. The Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact was created to develop and facilitate uniform insurer receivership laws. Receiverships are established to oversee and distribute assets of insurers that have become insolvent. Although enacted as part of Wisconsin law, the compact never became effective in this state and now is dissolving. The bill repeals the compact.
- 2. Under current law, an issuer of a charitable gift annuity must keep its assets in a segregated account. Issuers of charitable gift annuities are subject to the same

requirements for investing assets in their segregated accounts as are other annuity insurers for investing their assets, including being limited to investing no more than 20 percent of the assets in common stock and shares of mutual funds and no more than 3 percent in the common stock of a single corporation and its affiliates. The bill increases, for charitable gift annuity segregated accounts, the amount of amount of assets that may be invested in common stock from 20 percent to 50 percent and the assets that may be invested in the common stock of a single corporation and its affiliates from 3 percent to 10 percent. The bill also provides that, if the assets of a charitable gift annuity segregated account are invested in a mutual fund, the investment will be treated as if it consists of the same percentage of common stock or bonds as that held by the mutual fund.

3. Under current law, the Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan is funded in part by assessments paid by health insurers. The amount of the assessment paid by each insurer is proportional to the amount of that insurer's health care coverage revenue as compared to all health care coverage revenue for all health insurers in this state. The commissioner may exempt an insurer from paying the assessment if that insurer's assessment would be smaller than the cost of collecting it. The bill allows the commissioner to exempt any insurer from the fee assessment upon the request of the insurer and after holding a public hearing.

4. Under current law, insurers, state insurance funds, and certain other entities must participate in the insurance security fund (fund), which protects insureds in the event of a liquidation of an insurer. This bill explicitly exempts from participation in the fund policies issued to enrollees under Medicare or Medicard, and exempts contracts between the federal government and an insurer, to provide health care or prescription drug benefits.

Under current law, the fund has standing to appear in any court having jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer. An impaired insurer, under current law, is an insurer that is subject to the requirements of the fund that is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction but without a finding of insolvency. This bill eliminates the classification of impaired insurer.

Under current law, for an insured with a net worth of over \$10,000,000, with some exceptions the fund need only pay claims that in the aggregate exceed 10 percent of the insured's net worth. This bill increases the minimum net worth to \$25,000,000 for which the fund can limit payment of claims to 10 percent of the insured's net worth.

Under current law, a person with a claim against the fund whose claim is reduced or declared ineligible may appeal that determination to the board of directors of the fund (board). The person may not pursue a claim in court unless appeal is first made to and decided by the board. This bill allows the board to appoint a committee of the board or a hearing examiner to hear appeals. This bill requires that a person seeking review of the board's, committee's, or hearing examiner's decision in circuit court petition the Dane County Circuit Court within 60 days of the decision.

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Under current law, under certain circumstances the fund may recover the costs of defending an insured if the insured has a net worth of more than \$10,000,000 or is an affiliate of an insurer in liquidation. This bill does not allow the fund to recover costs unless the insured's net worth is more than \$25,000,000. The bill also allows the fund to recover reasonable attorney fees and costs plus interest.

Under current law, an insurer is assessed by the fund, and the insurer may appeal the assessment to the board and then to the circuit court. This bill requires that petitions for review by the circuit court be filed in the Dane County Circuit Court within 60 days of the decision by the board.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as LNSer+ an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1. 14.83 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2. 149.13 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

149.13 (1) Every insurer shall participate in the cost of administering the plan, except the commissioner may by rule exempt as a class those insurers whose share as determined under sub. (2) would be so minimal as to not exceed the estimated cost of levying the assessment, at the request of an insurer and after holding a public hearing, exempt an insurer from participating in the cost of administering the plan. The commissioner shall advise the authority of the insurers participating in the cost of administering the plan.

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SECTION 3. 601.415 (11) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 4. 601.59 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 5. 615.03 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

615.03 (5) APPLICATION OF CHAPTERS 600 TO 646. The commissioner may by rule or order impose on licensees under this chapter any other provisions of chs. 600 to 646 applicable to ch. 611 corporations, if necessary to protect the interests of

1	annuitants or the public, except that the commissioner may not impose the
2	provisions of s. 620.23 (1) (d), (2) (a), and (5) on a licensee under this chapter.
3	SECTION 6. 615.10 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
4	615.10 (5) (intro.) All of the following apply to the investment of the assets of
5	a segregated account under this section: as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 33
$\widehat{6}$	SECTION 7. 615.10 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 615.10 (5) (a) and amended
7	to read:
8	615.10 (5) (a) Assets of a segregated account under this section shall be
9	invested in accordance with ch. 620 except for s. 620.23 (1) (d), (2) (a), and (5).
10	SECTION 8. 615.10 (5) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
11	615.10 (5) (b) No more than 50 percent of the assets may be invested in common
12	stock.
13	SECTION 9. 615.10 (5) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
14	615.10 (5) (c) No more than 10 percent of the assets may be invested in the
15	common stock of any single corporation and its affiliates.
16	SECTION 10. 615.10 (5) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
17	615.10 (5) (d) Assets that are invested in a mutual fund or other investment
18	company shall be treated as if the licensee directly owned, in proportion to the
19	amount invested, the same types of assets and in the same proportional share as the
20	assets owned by the mutual fund or other investment company.
21	SECTION 11. 646.01 (1) (b) 19. of the statutes is created to read:
22	646.01 (1) (b) 19. A policy issued by an insurer to an enrollee under Title XVIII
23	of the federal social security act, $42~\mathrm{USC}~1395$ to $1395\mathrm{ccc}$, or Title XIX of the federal
24	social security act, 42 USC 1396 to 1396v, or a contract entered into by an insurer
25	with the federal government or an agency of the federal government under Title

**** Note: Please note that 2009 Wisconsin Act 33, subjected gift annuity segregated accounts to chapter 881. Showed the assets be invested in accordance with chs. 620 and 881?

XVIII or Title XIX of the federal social security act, to provide health care or
prescription drug benefits to persons enrolled in Title XVIII or Title XIX programs.
SECTION 12. 646.03 (2n) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 13. 646.13 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
646.13 (2) (d) Have standing to appear in any liquidation proceedings in this
state involving an insurer in liquidation, and have authority to appear or intervene
before a court or agency of any other state having jurisdiction over an impaired or
insolvent insurer, in accordance with the laws of that state, with respect to which the
fund is or may become obligated or that has jurisdiction over any person or property
against which the fund may have subrogation or other rights. Standing shall extend
to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the fund, including proposals for
reinsuring, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of the impaired or
insolvent insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual
obligations.
****Note: Since the definition of "impaired insurer" was deleted, I deleted the reference to "impaired" in this paragraph. Is that okay?
SECTION 14. 646.13 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
646.13 (4) When duty to defend terminates. Any obligation of the fund to
defend an insured ceases upon the fund's payment, by settlement releasing the
insured or on a judgment, of an amount equal to the lesser of the fund's covered claim
obligation limit or the applicable policy limit, subject to any express policy terms
regarding tender of limits.
SECTION 15. 646.31 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 646.31 (1) (b) 1.

SECTION 16. 646.31 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

1	646.31 (1) (b) 2. The claim does not arise out of business against which
2	assessments are prohibited under any federal or state law.
3	SECTION 17. 646.31 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	646.31 (4) (a) Except in regard to worker's compensation insurance and except
5	as provided in par. (b), the obligation of the fund on a single risk, loss or life may not
6	exceed \$300,000, regardless of the number of policies or contracts.
7	SECTION 18. 646.31 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	646.31 (12) NET WORTH OF INSURED. Except for claims under s. 646.35, payment
9	of a first-party claim under this chapter to an insured whose net worth, as defined
10	in s. 646.325 (1), exceeds $\$10,000,000$ $\$25,000,000$ is limited to the amount by which
11	the aggregate of the insured's claims that satisfy subs. (1) to (7) , (9) and $(9m)$ plus the
12	amount, if any, recovered from the insured under s. 646.325 exceeds 10% of the
13	insured's net worth.
14	SECTION 19. 646.32 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	646.32 (1) APPEAL. A claimant whose claim is reduced or declared ineligible
16	shall promptly be given notice of the determination and of the right to object under
17	this section. The claimant may appeal to the board within 30 days after the mailing
18	of the notice. The board may appoint a committee of the board or a hearing examiner
19	to decide any such appeal. The claimant may not pursue the claim in court except as
20	provided in sub. (2).
21	SECTION 20. 646.32 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	646.32 (2) REVIEW. Decisions of the board or its appointed committee or hearing
23	examiner under sub. (1) are subject to judicial review in the circuit court for Dane
24	County. A petition for judicial review shall be filed within 60 days of the decision.

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****Note: Since the previous section allows the board to appoint a committee, I have included the committee in this section as well. Is that okay?

SECTION 21. 646.325 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.325 (1) Definition. In this section, "net worth" means the amount of an insured's total assets less the insured's total liabilities at the end of the insured's fiscal year immediately preceding the date the liquidation order was entered, as shown on the insured's audited financial statement, and or other substantiated financial information acceptable to the fund in its sole discretion. "Net worth" includes the consolidated net worth of all of the corporate affiliates, subsidiaries, operating divisions, holding companies, and parent entities that are, and, if the insured is privately owned, natural persons who have an ownership interest, shown as insureds or additional insureds on the policy issued by the insurer. If the insured is a natural person, "net worth" means the insured's total assets less the insured's total liabilities on December 31 immediately preceding the date the liquidation order was entered.

SECTION 22. 646.325 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

646.325 (2) (a) 1. An insured whose net worth exceeds \$10,000,000 \$25,000,000.

SECTION 23. 646.325 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

646.325 (4) Costs and fees. In addition to recovery under sub. (2), the fund may recover reasonable attorney fees, disbursements, and all other actual costs expended to enforce this section, plus interest calculated at the legal rate under s. 138.04, which shall begin to accrue on all amounts not paid within 30 days after the date of the fund's written notification to the insured of the amount due.

****NOTE: What do you mean by "enforce this section?" Are you referring just to pursuing recovery under sub. (2)? Also, in the "amount due" are you including attorney fees and costs or just the recovery under sub. (2)?

"to enforce this section" to be more clear.

LRB-0172/P2 TJD&PJK:nwn&kjf:rs SECTION 24

SECTION 24. 646.51 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

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646.51 (5) COLLECTION. After the rate of assessment has been fixed, the fund shall send to each insurer a statement of the amount it is to pay. The fund shall designate whether the assessments shall be made payable in one sum or in installments. Assessments shall be collected by the same procedures as premium taxes or license fees under ch. 76.

SECTION 25. 646.51 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.51 (6) APPEAL AND REVIEW. Within 30 days after the fund sends the statement under sub. (5), an insurer, after paying the assessment under protest, may appeal the assessment to the board or a committee thereof. The decision of the board or committee on the appeal is subject to judicial review in the circuit court for Dane County. A petition for judicial review shall be filed within 60 days of the board's or committee's decision.



shall be counted. The timeliness of a vote is determined by the date of its mailing as proved by its postmark or other suitable evidence.

History: 1975 c. 373; 1979 c. 102.

Ins $f_{rom}^3 \longrightarrow$ p. 24 INSERT 8-1

- 5 SECTION 4. 646.51 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 6 646.51 (3) (c) Administrative assessments. The board may authorize assessments on a prorated or nonprorated basis to meet administrative costs and other expenses whether or not related to the liquidation or rehabilitation of a particular insurer. Nonprorated assessments may not exceed \$200 \$500 per insurer in any year.

History: 1979 c. 109; 1983 a. 120; 1985 a. 216; 1989 a. 23, 31; 1995 a. 396; 1999 a. 30; 2003 a. 261; 2007 a. 170.

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SECTION 5. Initial applicability.

(1) The treatment of sections 646.32 (2) and 646.51 (6) of the statutes first applies to decisions of the board of directors of the insurance security fund or its appointed committee or hearing examiner that are issued on the effective date of this subsection.

****Note: I added this initial applicability for those sections that specify a time limit and a location for filing a petition.

(2) The treatment of sections 646.31 (12) and 646.325 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes first applies to claims made on the effective date of this subsection.

****Note: I added this initial applicability for those sections that change the amount recovered based on the net worth of the insured to clarify what happens if this bill goes into effect while an insured's claim is in progress. Is that okay?

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4. Under current law, insurers authorized to do business in this state, with a number of exceptions, must participate in the insurance security fund (fund), which protects insureds under certain kinds and lines of direct insurance in the event of a liquidation of an insurer. This bill explicitly exempts from the types of insurance to which the fund applies policies issued to individuals with coverage under Medicare or the Medical Assistance program (MA) and contracts between the federal government and an insurer to provide health care or prescription drug benefits.

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Under current law, an insurer may be assessed up to \$200 on a nonprorated basis for administrative costs for the fund. The bill increases the maximum nonprorated assessment to \$500.

5. Under current law, MA disregards benefits paid under qualifying long-term care insurance policies purchased under the Long-Term Care Partnership Program in this state when considering the assets an applicant for MA has available. The bill would require the department of health services to disregard benefits paid under qualifying long-term care insurance policies purchased by an MA applicant under the same type of program in another state.

6. Under current law, a fraternal insurance organization may elect its directors by mail. This bill allows fraternals to also conduct voting by electronic means or another method approved by the fraternal's board of directors in the bylaws.

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SECTION 1. 49.45 (31) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

49.45 (31) (e) 1. Notwithstanding par. (b) (intro.), the department, when making a determination under par. (a) 1. or 2. with respect to an individual, shall disregard an amount equal to the insurance benefit payments that are made to or on behalf of the individual under a qualified long-term care insurance policy under 26 USC 7702B (b) that was purchased in a state that had a state plan amendment that provided for a qualified state long-term care partnership, as defined in 42 USC 1396p (b) (1) (C) (iii), at the time of the purchase of the policy.

2. The department shall comply with standards established by the federal department of health and human services in accordance with section 6021 (b) of the federal Deficit Reduction Act of 2005.

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SECTION 2. 614.42 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 move to ¹⁰Her next section 11 by the members or by their representatives in intermediate assemblies under sub. (2), and other directors prescribed in the fraternal's laws. The elected directors shall constitute a majority in number and not less than the number of votes required to amend those articles or bylaws of the fraternal that can be amended without consent of the members. The board shall meet at least quarterly to conduct the business of the fraternal. The elected directors shall be elected on a plan that ensures equal weight to each fraternal member's vote. Voting may be conducted by mail, by electronic means, or by any other method or combination of methods approved by the board and prescribed in the fraternal's bylaws.

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History: 1975 c. 373, 421. **SECTION 3.** 614.29 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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614.29 (1) RIGHT TO AMEND ARTICLES. The articles of a fraternal may provide for amendment by the supreme governing body or by the board of directors, and may provide also for amendment by the members by referendum. If amendment is by referendum, a majority of those members who vote must vote affirmatively. Votes cast within 60 days from the date of mailing of the first ballot ballots by the fraternal

Dodge, Tamara

From:

Guidry, Jim R - OCI [Jim.Guidry@wisconsin.gov]

Sent:

Thursday, November 05, 2009 8:42 AM

To:

Kahler, Pam - LEGIS; Dodge, Tamara; Basford, Sarah

Subject:

FW: Modifications 09-0172 P3 (2).doc

Attachments: Modifications 09-0172 P3.doc

Attached are additional modifications to 09-0172/P3 that we are requesting. Please incorporated that changes to the draft. Additionally, we have provided, under item 10, responses to the drafting notes to the P3 draft. I would appreciate it if someone could give me an expected turnaround tme, but if you can't, I'll understand. Thanks

Jim Guidry Legislative Liaison Office of the Commissioner of Insurance 125 South Webster Street PO Box 7873 Madison, WI 53707-7873

Work: (608) 264-6239 Cell: (608) 209-6309



State of Wisconsin / OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE

Jim Doyle, Governor Sean Dilweg, Commissioner

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DATE:

November 4, 2009

TO:

Pam Kahler, Tamara Dodge, Sara Basford

Legislative Reference Bureau

FROM:

Jim Guidry

Legislative Liaison

SUBJECT: Modifications to LRB Draft 09-0172 P3

OCI has additional modifications to the draft of OCI's technical legislation. The modifications are outlined below. Additionally, under a separate document we will have responses to the drafting notes contained in 09-0172P3.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you need further information.

Additional modifications:

1. Modify s. 628.10(5) (a) as follows:

Reinstatement within 12 months. An intermediary who is a natural person and whose license is revoked under sub.(2)(a), (am), or (cm) may have his or her license reinstated within 12 months after the date on which the license was revoked without having to satisfy any prelicensing education or examination requirements under s. 628.04. To have his or her license reinstated, the intermediary must satisfy the requirement under sub. (2)(a), (am), or (cm) for which the license was revoked, satisfactorily complete a reinstatement application, and pay the application fee for original licensure twice the renewal fee as specified by rule.

In addition to the above, we also would like to add language that requires resident applicants to pay an application fee to cover the electronic service fees currently charged to OCI. This would result in a savings of about \$60,000 each year to OCI:

Section 601.31 (1)(L) 4. For filing an original electronic resident application following successful completion of any required prelicensing education or examinations under s. 628.04, \$10.

2. Make the authority to promulgate rules contained in 2009 Act 11, s. 9126 permanent. Also make the definition of "federal act" in that section generic so as to encompass an extension of the federal program or a new or modified federal program such as "means any federal program that provides for a federal premium subsidy for individuals covered under continuation of employer group health insurance policies."

Modify 632.32(4)(intro.) to codify OCI's current emergency rule exempting primary and umbrella/excess policies that have only hired and nonowned exposure from the uninsured motor vehicle (UM), the uninsured motor vehicle (UIM) and medical payments coverage in 632.32(4) and the umbrella/excess UM and UIM offer requirements in 632.32(4r):

Create s. 632.32 (2) to define "owned motor vehicle":

"Owned motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that is owned by the insured or that is leased by the insured for a term of six months or longer.

Amend:

632.32(4)(intro.) Every policy of insurance subject to this section that insures with respect to any other vehicle <u>an insured owned motor vehicle and</u> registered or principally garaged in this state against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death suffered by any person arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle shall contain therein or supplemental thereto provisions for all of the following coverages:

632.32(4r) Required written offers of uninsured motorist and underinsured motorist coverages for umbrella or excess liability policies. (a) An insurer writing umbrella or excess liability policies that insure with respect to a motor vehicle an insured owned motor vehicle and registered or principally garaged in this state against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death suffered by a person arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle shall provide written offers of uninsured motorist coverage and underinsurance motorist coverage, which offers shall include a brief description of the coverage offered. An insurer is required to provide the offers required under this subsection only one time with respect to any policy in the manner provided in par. (b).

XX 4.

Exempt umbrella and excess polices from the offer of medical pay coverage. The current provisions may be interpreted as requiring inclusion of medical pay coverage in umbrella and excess policies unless the coverage is rejected. The proposal would add a statement that such an offer and rejection is not required for umbrella and excess policies.

Create s. 632.32 (4r)(f): Sub. (4). does not apply to umbrella or excess liability policies.

QSV 5.

Clarify that (a) that a motor vehicle which is self-insured under motor vehicle law does not fall within the definition of "uninsured motor vehicle" and (b) that a motor vehicle that is owned by a governmental unit or agency does not fall within the definition of "uninsured motor vehicle."

Amend s. 632.32(2)(g) (2009 Wisconsin Act 28) as follows:

632.32 (2) (g) "Uninsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that is involved in an accident with a person who has uninsured motorist coverage and with respect to which, at the time of the accident, a bodily injury liability insurance policy is not in effect, and the owner or operator has not furnished proof of financial responsibility for the future under subch. III of ch. 344, the motor vehicle is not owned or operated by a self-insurer under any applicable motor vehicle law, and the motor vehicle is not owned by any governmental unit or agency. "Uninsured motor vehicle" also includes any of the following motor vehicles involved in an accident with a person who has uninsured motorist coverage:

1. An insured motor vehicle if before or after the accident the liability insurer of the motor vehicle <u>or self-insurer under a motor vehicle law</u> is declared insolvent by a court of competent jurisdiction.



Clarify the definition of "underinsured motor vehicle" with respect to the same ambiguity noted above. The definition of "uninsured motor vehicle" excludes a motor vehicle for which proof of financial responsibility for the future has been filed. So what happens if the motor vehicle has proof of financial responsibility at the required limits but it's not enough to cover the damages? It must be then underinsured. Clarify as follows

Revise:

632.32 (2) (e) "Underinsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle to which all of the following apply:

- 1. The motor vehicle is involved in an accident with a person who has underinsured motorist coverage.
- 2. A bodily injury liability insurance policy applies to the motor vehicle at the time of the accident or the owner or operator of the motor vehicle has furnished proof of financial responsibility for the future under subch. III of ch. 344 which is effective at the time of the accident.
- The limits under the bodily injury liability insurance policy or the proof of financial responsibility are less than the amount needed to fully compensate the insured for his or her damages.
- 4. The motor vehicle is not owned or operated by a selfinsurer under any applicable motor vehicle law or owned by any governmental unit or agency.
- 7. Clarification of UM/UIM Offer Rejection: s. 632.32(4r) uses the term "named insureds" in para. (c) on written rejection. The language below clarifies that if one named insured rejects coverage, that named insured acts on behalf of all named insureds.

Amend:

632.32 (4r) (c) An applicant or named insureds insured may reject one or both of the coverages offered, but must do so in writing. If the applicant or named insureds reject insured rejects either of the coverages offered, the insurer is not required to provide the rejected coverage under a policy that is renewed to the person by that insurer unless an insured under the policy subsequently requests the rejected coverage in writing. The rejection of coverage by one named insured shall apply to all persons insured under the policy, including any renewal of the policy.

8. Change to Wis. Stat. § 609.91 to include hold harmless language for Medicare Parts C and D insureds through creation of § 609.91(1p):

Create section 609.91 (1p) IMMUNITY OF INSUREDS UNDER MEDICARE PARTS C AND D INSURANCE PRODUCTS. An enrollee, policyholder or insured under a policy issued by an insurer under Part C or Part D of Subchapter XVIII, Chapter 7, Title 42, to provide prepaid health care, fee for service health care or drug benefits to Medicare recipients is not liable for health care costs that are covered under the policy.

Amend sections 609.91 (2), (3) and (4) (a), (b), (cm) and (d):

- (2) Prohibited recovery attempts. No person may bill, charge, collect a deposit from, seek remuneration or compensation from, file or threaten to file with a credit reporting agency or have any recourse against an enrollee, policyholder or insured, or any person acting on their behalf, for health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured, or person acting on their behalf, is not liable under sub. (1), er-(1m) or (1p).
- (3) Deductibles, copayments and premiums. Subsections (1) to (2) do not affect the liability



of an enrollee, policyholder or insured for any deductibles, copayments or premiums owed under the policy or certificate issued by the health maintenance organization insurer or by the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p).

- (4) (a) An agreement, other than a notice of election or termination of election in accordance with s. 609.92 or 609.925, entered into by the provider, the health maintenance organization insurer, the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any other person, at any time, whether oral or written and whether implied or explicit, including an agreement that purports to hold the enrollee, policyholder or insured liable for health care costs.
- (b) A breach of or default on an agreement by the health maintenance organization insurer, the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any other person to compensate the provider, directly or indirectly, for health care costs, including health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured is not liable under sub. (1), or (1p).
- (cm) The insolvency of the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any person contracting with the insurer or provider, or the commencement or the existence of conditions permitting the commencement of insolvency, delinquency or bankruptcy proceedings involving the insurer or other person, including delinquency proceedings, as defined in s. 645.03 (1) (b), under ch. 645, despite whether the insurer or other person has agreed to compensate, directly or indirectly, the provider for health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured is not liable under sub. (1m) or (1p).
- (d) The inability of the provider or other person who is owed compensation for health care costs to obtain compensation from the health maintenance organization insurer, the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any other person for health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured is not liable under sub. (1), or (1m) or (1p).
- 9. Amend the town mutual law to make it clear that a ch. 611 mutual insurer is not required to conduct a policyholder vote to approve a merger of the mutual insurer with a town mutual:

Amend:

- 612. 22 (3) APPROVAL BY COMMISSIONER. (a) Each of the participating corporations shall file with the commissioner for approval a copy of the resolution and any explanatory material proposed to be issued to the members who have the right to vote on the merger under sub. (4), together with so much of the information under s. 611.13 (2) or 612.02 (4), whichever is appropriate, for the surviving or new corporation as the commissioner reasonably requires. The commissioner shall approve the plan unless he or she finds, after a hearing, that it would be contrary to the law, or that the surviving or new corporation would not satisfy the requirements for a certificate of authority under s. 611.20 or 612.02 (6), whichever is appropriate, or that the plan would be contrary to the interest of insureds or of the public.
- (4) APPROVAL BY MEMBERS OF THE MUTUALS. After being approved by the commissioner under sub. (3), the plan shall be submitted to the members of the participating town mutuals and to the members of any assessable domestic mutual for their approval. The members of each participating mutual who have the right to vote on the merger shall vote separately.
- (6) REPORTS TO COMMISSIONER. Each participating mutual, <u>if a member vote is</u> required under sub. (4), shall file with the commissioner a copy of the resolution adopted under sub. (4), stating the number of members entitled to vote, the number of members voting, and the number of votes cast in favor of the plan, stating separately in each case the mail votes and the votes cast in person.
- 10. Response to drafting notes:

Page 5: Do not apply ch. 620, Stats.

Page 9 note: Ok.

Page 10 first note: Ok.

Page 10 second note: Please apply the treatment of these provisons to claims in liquidations that occur on and after the effective date.



State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

In 143/08 50000

LRB-0172(P3) TJD:nwn&kjf:ph

PJK

TODAY

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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Regen,

AN ACT to repeal 14.83, 601.415 (11), 601.59 and 646.03 (2n); to renumber 646.31 (1) (b); to renumber and amend 615.10 (5); to amend 149.13 (1), 614.29 (1), 614.42 (1) (a), 615.03 (5), 646.13 (2) (d), 646.13 (4), 646.31 (4) (a), 646.31 (12), 646.32 (1), 646.32 (2), 646.325 (1), 646.325 (2) (a) 1., 646.51 (3) (c), 646.51 (5) and 646.51 (6); and to create 49.45 (31) (e), 615.10 (5) (intro.), 615.10 (5) (b), 615.10 (5) (c), 615.10 (5) (d), 646.01 (1) (b) 19., 646.31 (1) (b) 2. and 646.325 (4) of the statutes; relating to: the Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact, investment guidelines for charitable gift annuity segregated accounts, Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan assessment participation, reciprocity for long-term care insurance policies, voting by fraternal members, and the insurance security fund.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following changes to the insurance laws:

1. The Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact was created to develop and facilitate uniform insurer receivership laws. Receiverships are established to oversee and distribute assets of insurers that have become insolvent. Although

enacted as part of Wisconsin law, the compact never became effective in this state and now is dissolving. The bill repeals the compact.

- 2. Under current law, an issuer of a charitable gift annuity must keep its assets in a segregated account. Issuers of charitable gift annuities are subject to the same requirements for investing assets in their segregated accounts as are other annuity insurers for investing their assets, including being limited to investing no more than 20 percent of the assets in common stock and shares of mutual funds and no more than 3 percent in the common stock of a single corporation and its affiliates. The bill increases, for charitable gift annuity segregated accounts, the amount of assets that may be invested in common stock from 20 percent to 50 percent and the assets that may be invested in the common stock of a single corporation and its affiliates from 3 percent to 10 percent. The bill also provides that, if the assets of a charitable gift annuity segregated account are invested in a mutual fund, the investment will be treated as if it consists of the same percentage of common stock or bonds as that held by the mutual fund.
- 3. Under current law, the Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan is funded in part by assessments paid by health insurers. The amount of the assessment paid by each insurer is proportional to the amount of that insurer's health care coverage revenue as compared to all health care coverage revenue for all health insurers in this state. The commissioner may exempt an insurer from paying the assessment if that insurer's assessment would be smaller than the cost of collecting it. The bill allows the commissioner to exempt any insurer from the fee assessment upon the request of the insurer and after holding a public hearing.
- 4. Under current law, insurers authorized to do business in this state, with a number of exceptions, must participate in the insurance security fund (fund), which protects insureds under certain kinds and lines of direct insurance in the event of a liquidation of an insurer. This bill explicitly exempts from the types of insurance to which the fund applies policies issued to individuals with coverage under Medicare or the Medical Assistance program (MA) and contracts between the federal government and an insurer to provide health care or prescription drug benefits.

Under current law, the fund has standing to appear in any court having jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer. An impaired insurer, under current law, is an insurer that is subject to the requirements of the fund that is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction but without a finding of insolvency. This bill eliminates the classification of impaired insurer.

Under current law, for an insured with a net worth of over \$10,000,000, with some exceptions the fund need only pay claims that in the aggregate exceed 10 percent of the insured's net worth. This bill increases the minimum net worth to \$25,000,000 for which the fund can limit payment of claims to 10 percent of the insured's net worth.

Under current law, a person with a claim against the fund whose claim is reduced or declared ineligible may appeal that determination to the board of directors of the fund (board). The person may not pursue a claim in court unless appeal is first made to and decided by the board. This bill specifies that the board

may appoint a committee of the board or a hearing examiner to hear appeals, which is currently allowed under the fund's procedures. This bill requires that a person seeking review of the board's, committee's, or hearing examiner's decision in circuit court petition the Dane County Circuit Court within 60 days of the decision.

Under current law, under certain circumstances the fund may recover the costs of defending an insured if the insured has a net worth of more than \$10,000,000 or is an affiliate of an insurer in liquidation. This bill does not allow the fund to recover costs unless the insured's net worth is more than \$25,000,000. The bill also allows the fund to recover reasonable attorney fees and costs plus interest.

Under current law, an insurer is assessed by the fund, and the insurer may appeal the assessment to the board and then to the circuit court. This bill requires that petitions for review by the circuit court be filed in the Dane County Circuit Court within 60 days of the decision by the board.

Under current law, an insurer may be assessed up to \$200 on a nonprorated basis for administrative costs for the fund. The bill increases the maximum nonprorated assessment to \$500.

- 5. Under current law, MA disregards benefits paid under qualifying long-term care insurance policies purchased under the Long-Term Care Partnership Program in this state when considering the assets an applicant for MA has available. The bill requires the Department of Health Services to disregard benefits paid under qualifying long-term care insurance policies purchased by an MA applicant under the same type of program in another state.
- 6. Under current law, a fraternal insurance organization may elect its directors by mail. This bill allows fraternals to also conduct voting by electronic means or another method approved by the fraternal's board of directors in the bylaws.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 14.83 of the statutes is repealed.

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SECTION 2. 49.45 (31) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

49.45 (31) (e) 1. Notwithstanding par. (b) (intro.), the department, when making a determination under par. (a) 1. or 2. with respect to an individual, shall disregard an amount equal to the insurance benefit payments that are made to or on behalf of the individual under a qualified long-term care insurance policy under 26 USC 7702B (b) that was purchased in a state that had a state plan amendment

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1	that provided for a qualified state long-term care partnership, as defined in 42 USC
2	1396p (b) (1) (C) (iii), at the time of the purchase of the policy.

2. The department shall comply with standards established by the federal department of health and human services in accordance with section 6021 (b) of the federal Deficit Reduction Act of 2005.

SECTION 3. 149.13 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

149.13 (1) Every insurer shall participate in the cost of administering the plan, except the commissioner may by rule exempt as a class those insurers whose share as determined under sub. (2) would be so minimal as to not exceed the estimated cost of levying the assessment, at the request of an insurer and after holding a public hearing, exempt an insurer from participating in the cost of administering the plan.

The commissioner shall advise the authority of the insurers participating in the cost of administering the plan.

Section 4. 601.415 (11) of the statutes is repealed.

Section 5. 601.59 of the statutes is repealed.

Section 6. 614.29 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

614.29 (1) RIGHT TO AMEND ARTICLES. The articles of a fraternal may provide for amendment by the supreme governing body or by the board of directors, and may provide also for amendment by the members by referendum. If amendment is by referendum, a majority of those members who vote must vote affirmatively. Votes cast within 60 days from the date of mailing of the first ballot ballots by the fraternal shall be counted. The timeliness of a vote is determined by the date of its mailing as proved by its postmark or other suitable evidence.

SECTION 7. 614.42 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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614.42 (1) (a) Board of directors. A board with some directors elected directly
by the members or by their representatives in intermediate assemblies under sub.
(2), and other directors prescribed in the fraternal's laws. The elected directors shall
constitute a majority in number and not less than the number of votes required to
$amend\ those\ articles\ or\ by laws\ of\ the\ fraternal\ that\ can\ be\ amended\ without\ consent$
of the members. The board shall meet at least quarterly to conduct the business of
the fraternal. The elected directors shall be elected on a plan that ensures equal
weight to each fraternal member's vote. Voting may be conducted by mail, by
electronic means, or by any other method or combination of methods approved by the
board and prescribed in the fraternal's bylaws.
SECTION 8. 615 03 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

615.03 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

615.03 (5) APPLICATION OF CHAPTERS 600 TO 646. The commissioner may by rule or order impose on licensees under this chapter any other provisions of chs. 600 to 646 applicable to ch. 611 corporations, if necessary to protect the interests of annuitants or the public, except that the commissioner may not impose the provisions of s. 620.23 (1) (d), (2) (a), and (5) on a licensee under this chapter.

Section 9. 615.10 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:

615.10 (5) (intro.) All of the following apply to the investment of the assets of a segregated account under this section:

SECTION 10. 615.10 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 33, is renumbered 615.10 (5) (a) and amended to read:

615.10 (5) (a) Assets of a segregated account under this section shall be invested in accordance with ch. 881.

****NOTE: Please note that 2009 Wisconsin Act 33 subjected gift annuity segregated accounts to chapter 881. Should the assets be invested in accordance with chs. 620 and 881?

1	SECTION 11. 615.10 (5) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
2	615.10 (5) (b) No more than 50 percent of the assets may be invested in common
3	stock.
4	SECTION 12. 615.10 (5) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
5	615.10 (5) (c) No more than 10 percent of the assets may be invested in the
6	common stock of any single corporation and its affiliates.
7	Section 13. 615.10 (5) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
8	615.10 (5) (d) Assets that are invested in a mutual fund or other investment
9	company shall be treated as if the licensee directly owned, in proportion to the
10 v 6-/2	amount invested, the same types of assets and in the same proportional share as the
11	assets owned by the mutual fund or other investment company.
12	SECTION 14. 646.01 (1) (b) 19. of the statutes is created to read:
13	646.01 (1) (b) 19. A policy issued by an insurer to an enrollee under Title XVIII
14	of the federal social security act, $42~\mathrm{USC}~1395$ to $1395\mathrm{ccc},$ or Title XIX of the federal
15	social security act, 42 USC 1396 to 1396v, or a contract entered into by an insurer
16	with the federal government or an agency of the federal government under Title
17	XVIII or Title XIX of the federal social security act, to provide health care or
18	prescription drug benefits to persons enrolled in Title XVIII or Title XIX programs.
19	SECTION 15. 646.03 (2n) of the statutes is repealed.
20	Section 16. 646.13 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	646.13 (2) (d) Have standing to appear in any liquidation proceedings in this
22	state involving an insurer in liquidation, and have authority to appear or intervene
23	before a court or agency of any other state having jurisdiction over an impaired or
24	insolvent insurer, in accordance with the laws of that state, with respect to which the
25	fund is or may become obligated or that has jurisdiction over any person or property

against which the fund may have subrogation or other rights. Standing shall extend
to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the fund, including proposals for
reinsuring, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of the impaired or
insolvent insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual
obligations.
SECTION 17. 646.13 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
646.13 (4) When duty to defend terminates. Any obligation of the fund to
defend an insured ceases upon the fund's payment, by settlement releasing the
insured or on a judgment, of an amount equal to the lesser of the fund's covered claim
obligation limit or the applicable policy limit, subject to any express policy terms
regarding tender of limits.
SECTION 18. 646.31 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 646.31 (1) (b) 1.
SECTION 19. 646.31 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
646.31 (1) (b) 2. The claim does not arise out of business against which
assessments are prohibited under any federal or state law.
SECTION 20. 646.31 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
646.31 (4) (a) Except in regard to worker's compensation insurance and except
as provided in par. (b), the obligation of the fund on a single risk, loss or life may not
exceed \$300,000, regardless of the number of policies or contracts.
SECTION 21. 646.31 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:
646.31 (12) NET WORTH OF INSURED. Except for claims under s. 646.35, payment
of a first-party claim under this chapter to an insured whose net worth, as defined
in s. 646.325 (1), exceeds $\$10,000,000$ $\$25,000,000$ is limited to the amount by which

the aggregate of the insured's claims that satisfy subs. (1) to (7), (9) and (9m) plus the

amount, if any, recovered from the insured under s. 646.325 exceeds 10% of the insured's net worth.

Section 22. 646.32 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.32 (1) APPEAL. A claimant whose claim is reduced or declared ineligible shall promptly be given notice of the determination and of the right to object under this section. The claimant may appeal to the board within 30 days after the mailing of the notice. The board may appoint a committee of the board or a hearing examiner to decide any such appeal. The claimant may not pursue the claim in court except as provided in sub. (2).

SECTION 23. 646.32 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.32 (2) REVIEW. Decisions of the board or its appointed committee or hearing examiner under sub. (1) are subject to judicial review in the circuit court for Dane County. A petition for judicial review shall be filed within 60 days of the decision.

Section 24. 646.325 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.325 (1) DEFINITION. In this section, "net worth" means the amount of an insured's total assets less the insured's total liabilities at the end of the insured's fiscal year immediately preceding the date the liquidation order was entered, as shown on the insured's audited financial statement, and or other substantiated financial information acceptable to the fund in its sole discretion. "Net worth" includes the consolidated net worth of all of the corporate affiliates, subsidiaries, operating divisions, holding companies, and parent entities that are, and, if the insured is privately owned, natural persons who have an ownership interest, shown as insureds or additional insureds on the policy issued by the insurer. If the insured is a natural person, "net worth" means the insured's total assets less the insured's

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1	total liabilities on December 31 immediately preceding the date the liquidation order
2	was entered.
3	SECTION 25. 646.325 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	646.325 (2) (a) 1. An insured whose net worth exceeds \$10,000,000
5	<u>\$25,000,000</u> .
6	SECTION 26. 646.325 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
7	646.325 (4) Costs and fees. In addition to recovery under sub. (2), the fund may
8	recover reasonable attorney fees, disbursements, and all other actual costs expended
9	in pursuing recovery under sub. (2), plus interest calculated at the legal rate under
10	s. 138.04, which shall begin to accrue on all amounts not paid within 30 days after
11	the date of the fund's written notification to the insured of the amount due.
Service Comments	****Note: Please note that I substituted for the language "to enforce this section"

to be more clear.

SECTION 27. 646.51 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.51 (3) (c) Administrative assessments. The board may authorize assessments on a prorated or nonprorated basis to meet administrative costs and other expenses whether or not related to the liquidation or rehabilitation of a particular insurer. Nonprorated assessments may not exceed \$200 \$500 per insurer in any year.

SECTION 28. 646.51 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

646.51 (5) COLLECTION. After the rate of assessment has been fixed, the fund shall send to each insurer a statement of the amount it is to pay. The fund shall designate whether the assessments shall be made payable in one sum or in installments. Assessments shall be collected by the same procedures as premium taxes or license fees under ch. 76.

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SECTION 29.	646.51 (6)	of the statutes is	amended to read:
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646.51 (6) APPEAL AND REVIEW. Within 30 days after the fund sends the statement under sub. (5), an insurer, after paying the assessment under protest, may appeal the assessment to the board or a committee thereof. The decision of the board or committee on the appeal is subject to judicial review in the circuit court for Dane County. A petition for judicial review shall be filed within 60 days of the board's or committee's decision.

Section 30. Initial applicability.

(1) The treatment of sections 646.32 (2) and 646.51 (6) of the statutes first applies to decisions of the board of directors of the insurance security fund or its appointed committee or hearing examiner that are issued on the effective date of this subsection.

****Note: I added this initial applicability for those sections that specify a time limit and a location for filing a petition.

(2) The treatment of sections 646.31 (12) and 646.325 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes first applies to claims made on the effective date of this subsection.

****NOTE: I added this initial applicability for those sections that change the amount recovered based on the net worth of the insured to clarify what happens if this

bill goes into effect while an insured's claim is in progress. Is that okay?

(END

*** Note: Is it correct to refer to the filing of the petation for a 1 liquidation here? linaliquidation for which a petition is filed

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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- 7. Under current law, an insurance intermediary whose license is revoked for certain reasons may have the license reinstated if he or she satisfies certain requirements and pays the application fee for original licensure. This bill requires that an intermediary seeking reinstatement of a license pay twice the amount of the license renewal fee as specified by rule.
- 8. This bill imposes a fee for filing an original electronic resident intermediary license application following completion of prelicensing requirements.
- 9. Under current law, a person who is covered by a group health insurance policy as or through an employee may continue that coverage if the employee's employment ends. 2009 Wisconsin Act 11, among other things, allows the commissioner to promulgate rules establishing standards requiring insurers to provide continuation coverage to coordinate with provisions of the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. This bill allows the commissioner to promulgate rules establishing standards requiring insurers to provide continuation coverage for an individual covered under a group policy who is eligible under any federal program that provides for a federal premium subsidy for individuals covered under continuation of coverage under a group health insurance policy.
- 10 of Under current law, certain enrollees and policyholders, including certain recipients of medical assistance, are not liable for health care costs that are covered under a policy providing prepaid health care. Under this bill, enrollees under a policy issued under Part C or Part D of Medicare are not liable for health care costs that are covered under such a policy providing prepaid or fee-for-services heatth care or drug benefits.
- 11. Under current law, one or more town mutuals may merge with an assessable or nonassessable domestic mutual, and all members of the merging mutuals vote to approve the merger plan. This bill specifies that the members of the merging town mutual or mutuals and the members of an assessable domestic mutual have the right to vote on the merger plan.

INSERT 4-14

- **SECTION 1.** 601.31 (1) (Lg) of the statutes is created to read:
- 601.31 (1) (Lg) For filing an original electronic resident intermediary license application following successful completion of any required prelicensing education or examination under s. 628.04, \$10.

****Note: Please note I put this provision in a different paragraph than was requested. I applied this fee to resident intermediary licenses. Is that correct?

INSERT 4-16

SECTION 2. 609.91 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

609.91 (1) IMMUNITY OF ENROLLEES AND POLICYHOLDERS. (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (1m) or (1p), an enrollee or policyholder of a health maintenance organization insurer is not liable for health care costs that are incurred on or after January 1, 1990, and that are covered under a policy or certificate issued by the health maintenance organization insurer, if any of the following applies:

History: 1989 a. 23; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1997 a 297; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

SECTION 3. 609.91 (1p) of the statutes is created to read:

609.91 (1p) Immunity for certain medicare recipients. An enrollee, policyholder, or insured under a policy issued by an insurer under Part C of Medicare under 42 USC 1395w-21 to 1395w-28 or Part D of Medicare under 42 USC 1395w-101 to 1395w-152 to provide prepaid health care, fee-for-service health care, or drug benefits to enrollees of Part C or Part D of Medicare is not liable for health care costs that are covered under the policy.

SECTION 4. 609.91 (2), (3) (4) (a), (b), (cm) and (d) of the statutes are amended to read:

609.91 (2) PROHIBITED RECOVERY ATTEMPTS. No person may bill, charge, collect a deposit from, seek remuneration or compensation from, file or threaten to file with a credit reporting agency or have any recourse against an enrollee, policyholder or insured, or any person acting on their behalf, for health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured, or person acting on their behalf, is not liable under sub. (1) er, (1m), or (1p).

(3) Deductibles, copayments and premiums. Subsections (1) to (2) do not affect the liability of an enrollee, policyholder or insured for any deductibles, copayments or premiums owed under the policy or certificate issued by the health maintenance organization insurer or by the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p).

History: 1989 a. 23; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1997 a. 237; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

(4) (a) An agreement, other than a notice of election or termination of election in accordance with s. 609.92 or 609.925, entered into by the provider, the health maintenance organization insurer, the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any other person, at any time, whether oral or written and whether implied or explicit, including an agreement that purports to hold the enrollee, policyholder or insured liable for health care costs.

History: 1989 a. 23; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1997 a. 237; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

(b) A breach of or default on an agreement by the health maintenance organization insurer, the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any other person to compensate the provider, directly or indirectly, for health care costs, including health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured is not liable under sub. (1) er (1m), or (1p).

History: 1989 a. 23; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1997 a. 237; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

(cm) The insolvency of the insurer described in sub. (1m) or (1p) or any person contracting with the insurer or provider, or the commencement or the existence of conditions permitting the commencement of insolvency, delinquency or bankruptcy proceedings involving the insurer or other person, including delinquency proceedings, as defined in s. 645.03 (1) (b), under ch. 645, despite whether the insurer or other person has agreed to compensate, directly or indirectly, the provider for health care costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured is not liable under sub. (1m) or (1p).

(d) The inability of the provider or other person who is owed compensation for
health care costs to obtain compensation from the health maintenance organization
insurer, the insurer described in sub. (1m) $or(1p)$, or any other person for health care
costs for which the enrollee, policyholder or insured is not liable under sub. (1) or
(1m), or (1p).

History: 1989 a. 23; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1987 a. 237; 2007 a. 20 s. 9121 (6) (a).

SECTION 5. 612.22 (3) (a), (4) and (6) of the statutes are amended to read:

612.22 (3) (a) Each of the participating corporations shall file with the commissioner for approval a copy of the resolution and any explanatory material proposed to be issued to the members who have the right to vote on the merger under sub. (4), together with so much of the information under s. 611.13 (2) or 612.02 (4), whichever is appropriate, for the surviving or new corporation as the commissioner reasonably requires. The commissioner shall approve the plan unless he or she finds, after a hearing, that it would be contrary to the law, or that the surviving or new corporation would not satisfy the requirements for a certificate of authority under s. 611.20 or 612.02 (6), whichever is appropriate, or that the plan would be contrary to the interest of insureds or of the public.

History: 1973 c. 22; 1979 c. 102; 1991 a. 316; 1997 a. 79; 2003 a. 261.

(4) APPROVAL BY MEMBERS OF THE MUTUALS. After being approved by the commissioner under sub. (3), the plan shall be submitted <u>for approval</u> to the members of the participating <u>town mutual or mutuals for their approval and to the members of the participating domestic mutual if the domestic mutual is assessable. The members of each participating mutual <u>who have the right of vote on the merger shall vote separately.</u></u>

History: 1973 c. 22; 1979 c. 102; 1991 a. 316; 1997 a. 79; 2003 a. 261.

(6) REPORTS TO COMMISSIONER. Each participating mutual, the members of which have the right to vote under sub. (4), shall file with the commissioner a copy

of the resolution adopted under sub. (4), stating the number of members entitled to vote, the number of members voting, and the number of votes cast in favor of the plan, stating separately in each case the mail votes and the votes cast in person.

History: 1973 c. 22; 1979 c. 102; 1991 a. 316; 1997 a. 79; 2003 a. 261.

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SECTION 6. 628.10 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

628.10 (5) (a) Reinstatement within 12 months. An intermediary who is a natural person and whose license is revoked under sub. (2) (a), (am), or (cm) may have his or her license reinstated within 12 months after the date on which the license was revoked without having to satisfy any prelicensing education or examination requirements under s. 628.04. To have his or her license reinstated, the intermediary must satisfy the requirement under sub. (2) (a), (am), or (cm) for which the license was revoked, satisfactorily complete a reinstatement application, and pay the application fee for original licensure twice the amount of the license renewal fee as specified by rule. The reinstatement is effective on the date on which the commissioner actually reinstates the license. If the intermediary is also a resident who is required to complete continuing education, the intermediary must have satisfied all previous continuing education requirements to have his or her license reinstated under this paragraph.

History: 1975 c. 371, 421; 1977 c. 363; 1979 c. 102; 1981 c. 38; 1991 a. 214; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 191, 237; 1999 a. 9, 30; 2005 a. 387; 2007 a. 20, 169; s. 13.92 (2) (i). **SECTION 7.** 632.897 (11) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

632.897 (11) (b) Notwithstanding subs. (2) to (10), the commissioner may promulgate rules establishing standards requiring insurers to provide continuation of coverage for any individual covered at any time under a group policy who is a terminated insured or an eligible individual under any federal program that

1	provides for a federal premium subsidy for individuals covered under continutation
2	of coverage under a group policy, including rules governing election or extension of
3	election periods, notice, rates, premiums, premium payment, application of
4	preexisting condition exclusions, and election of alternative coverage.

****Note: Please carefully review this provision and ensure that it complies with your intent.

SECTION 8. 645.69 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

645.69 (1) A claim against a health maintenance organization insurer or an insurer described in s. 609.91 (1m) or (1p) for health care costs, as defined in s. 609.01 (1j), for which an enrollee, as defined in s. 609.01 (1d), policyholder or insured of the health maintenance organization insurer or other insurer is not liable under ss. 609.91 to 609.935.

(END)

History: 1989 a. 23; 1997 a. 237.

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